Rare benign Lesions of the	Jaws registry
Date of D D M M Y Y Collected by	Cuality Outcomes in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery
Patient information	
NHS, CHI or Hospital number	DOB D D M M Y Y
Patient's postcode	Sex Female Male
Ethinicity	
Caucasian Asian	
Caucasian and Afro-Caribbean 🗌 Afro-Cari	bbean 🗌
Caucasian and Asian Any othe	r ethnic group
Presentation and initial treatment	
Source of patient referral	Presenting symptom(s)
General dental practitioner	Asymptomatic – incidental finding from
General medical practitioner	Delayed eruption of teeth
Secondary care/specialist dentist	Jaw infection
Secondary care/specialist medical or surgical specialties	Facial asymmetry/swelling
Nurses/allied health professionals	Jaw fracture
Other (give details below)	Paraesthesia
	Other (give details below)
Lesion / Tumour location and size	
Site Mandible	Maxilla
Incisor Molar	Incisor Molar
Premolar Posterior jaw	Premolar Posterior jaw
Max size / dimension (mm)	

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Extent of defect using Brown classification (see figures)	
Mandible defect	Maxillary vertical defect
Class I Class Ic	I II II II II
Class II Class IIC	
Class III	Maxillary horizontal defect
Class IV Class IVc	a b c d
Imaging	
Imaging provided OPG CBCT	CT MRI
Appreance on radiograph	
Is the lesion/ tumour? Radiolucent	Radiopaque Mixed
Is the lesion/ tumour? Unilocular	Multilocular Not known
Any of the following features present? Tick all that apply	
Tooth associated with the lesion	Displacement of teeth
Jaw expansion	Resorption of teeth
Radiology pictures provided?	f yes, upload them to the registry)
Pre-operative diagnosis	
Biopsy Y N Biopsy with placement of	decompression tube
Molecular testing Y N	
Molecular test(s) BRAF mutation	
EWSR1 rearrangement	
Other (give details)	
Initial diagnosis (use list provided)	
Date of initial diagnosis D D M M Y Y	Diagnosis detailsNew index presentationRecurrenceI

Rare benign Lesions of the Jaws registry	Q MS
Date of collection D D M M Y Y Collected by:	Quality Outcomes in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery BACING The facial Surgery Research Foundation The facial Surgery Research Foundation
Treatment	
Surgery details Enucleation	Pedicled flap
Treatment details Single stage resection (and reconstruction) * Decompression followed by enucleation * Other (provide details) Date of first treatment D D M Y N (If yes, upload them to the registry	D D M M Y Y
Comment	

Rare benign Lesions of the Jaws registry

Y

Date of collection

MMY

Collected by:



WHO list of RLJ diagnosis (only use the ones in bold)

D

D

1. Benign epithelial odontogenic tumours Ameloblastoma Ameloblastoma, unicystic type Ameloblastoma, extraosseous/peripheral type Metastasizing ameloblastoma Squamous odontogenic tumour Calcifying epithelial odontogenic tumour Adenomatoid odontogenic tumour 2. Benign mixed epithelial and mesenchymal odontogenic tumours Ameloblastic fibroma Primordial odontogenic tumour Odontoma Odontoma, compound type Odontoma, complex type Dentinogenic ghost cell tumour 3. Benign mesenchymal odontogenic tumours Odontogenic fibroma Odontogenic myxoma/myxofibroma Cementoblastoma Cemento-ossifying fibroma 4. Malignant maxillofacial bone and cartilage tumours Chondrosarcoma Mesenchymal chondrosarcoma Osteosarcoma

- 5. Benign maxillofacial bone and cartilage tumours
 - Chondroma
 - Osteoma
 - Melanotic neuroectodermal tumour of infancy
 - Chondroblastoma
 - Chondromyxoid fibroma
 - Osteoid osteoma
 - Osteoblastoma
 - Desmoplastic fibroma
- 6. Fibro- and chondro-osseous lesions
 - Ossifying fibroma
 - Familial gigantiform cementoma
 - Fibrous dysplasia
 - Cemento-osseous dysplasia
 - Osteochondroma
- 7. Giant cell lesions and bone cysts Central giant cell granuloma Peripheral giant cell granuloma
 - Cherubism
 - Aneurysmal bone cyst
 - Simple bone cyst
- 8. Haematolymphoid tumours Solitary plasmacytoma

Date of collection Image: Collected by: Image: Collected by: Date of collection Image: Collected by: Image: Collected by: Omplications within 30 days of index surgery Did the patient develop a post-operative complication within 30 days of surgery? Surgical None Complication(s) at the donor site? No Surgical site wound infection Atrial fibrillation (AF) Haemorrhage Myocardial infraction (MI) Carotid blowout Congestive heart failure Dehiscence No Surgical site wound infection No Haemorrhage No Carotid blowout Congestive heart failure Dehiscence No Surgical site wound infection Infective Haemorrhage No Gibleed, pancreatitis, foenitourinary: urinary retention, to other non-infective complications; cOPD, LVRI) Surgical site wound infection Infective Haemorrhage No Dehiscence No Dehiscence No Dehiscence Infective complications; ellizium, fail, sychoss uside; or other infective complications: septicaemia, C. Difficile, coVID, MRSA) Orocut	07/07/
collection D M Y Y Collected by: Collected by: Conserved to the second to th	S
Did the patient develop a post-operative complication within 30 days of surgery? Surgical None Surgical None Complication(s) at the donor site? No Surgical site wound infection Atrial fibrillation (AF) Haematoma Cardiac arrest Haemorrhage Myocardial infraction (MI) Carotid blowout Congestive heart failure Dehiscence Respiratory compromise? (Pneumonia, Pneumothorax/Atelectasis, Pulmonary embolism [PE], Unspecified respiratory compromise, COPD, LVRI) Surgical site wound infection Infective No Haematoma Gomplication(s) at the resection Pneumothorax/Atelectasis, Pulmonary embolism [PE], Unspecified respiratory compromise, COPD, LVRI) Surgical site wound infection Infective Non-infective No Haematoma Gother medical complication(s)? (Grastointestinal: up other non-infective complications: delirium, fall, psychos suicide; or other infective complications: septicaemia, C. Difficile, COVID, MRSA) Difficile, COVID, MRSA) Orocutaneous fistula Infective Non-infective No Sialocele Salivary fistula Infective Non-infective No	Il Surgery
Surgical Medical None Complication(s) at the donor site? No Cardiac instability? No Surgical site wound infection Atrial fibrillation (AF)	
Complication(s) at the donor site? No Cardiac instability? No Surgical site wound infection Atrial fibrillation (AF) Atrial fibrillation (AF) Haematoma Cardiac arrest Myocardial infraction (MI) Haemorrhage Myocardial infraction (MI) Congestive heart failure Carotid blowout Congestive heart failure No Dehiscence Respiratory compromise? (Pneumonia, Pneumothorax/Atelectasis, Pulmonary embolism [PE], Unspecified respiratory compromise, COPD, LVRI) Surgical site wound infection Infective No Haemorrhage Other medical complication(s)? (Grastointestinal: up) Gl bleed, pancreatitis; Genitourinary: urinary retention, Q other non-infective complications: delirium, fall, psychos suicide; or other infective complications: delirium, fall, psychos suicide; or other infective complications: septicaemia, C. Difficile, COVID, MRSA) Orocutaneous fistula Infective Non-infective No Pharyngocutaneous fistula Infective Non-infective No Sialocele Sialivary fistula Infective Non-infective No	
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Haemorrhage	
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Complication(s) at the resection No Unspecified respiratory compromise, COPD, LVRI) / recipient site? No Infective Non-infective No Surgical site wound infection Infective Non-infective No Haematoma Infective Non-infective No Haemorrhage Infective Non-infective No Dehiscence Infective COVID, MRSA) Other infective complications: septicaemia, C. Orocutaneous fistula Infective Non-infective Infective Non-infective Infective Infectine Infectine Infective Infective Infective Infective	
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Haematoma Image	
Haemorrhage Gl bleed, pancreatitis; Genitourinary: urinary retention, U Dehiscence other non-infective complications: delirium, fall, psychosis Orocutaneous fistula Deharyngocutaneous fistula Pharyngocutaneous fistula Infective Salivary fistula No	
Dehiscence Image: Construction of the infective complications: septicaemia, C. Orocutaneous fistula Image: Construction of the infective complications: septicaemia, C. Pharyngocutaneous fistula Infective Sialocele Image: Construction of the infective complication	
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Pharyngocutaneous fistula Infective Non-infective No Sialocele Salivary fistula Salivary fistula Salivary fistula Salivary fistula	
Sialocele Salivary fistula	
Salivary fistula	
Other surgical complication(s)? No	
Complication related to PEG	
Complication related to tracheostomy	
Complication related to neck dissection	
Complication related to SLNB	
Other complication	
Indicate the Clavien-Dindo grade of the most severe complication(s)	
GRADE I GRADE IIIa GRADE IVa GRADE V	
GRADE II GRADE IIIb GRADE IVb	
section margins	
Are the margins? Clear Involved / incomplete resection	

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Date of collection D M M Y Y Collected by: D <th>Outcomes in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Saving Faces to Surgery Research Foundation Face Surgery Research Foundation</th>	Outcomes in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Saving Faces to Surgery Research Foundation Face Surgery Research Foundation	
Flap outcomes within 30 days of index surgery To complete ONLY for patients who had a free or pedicled flap		
Flap outcome		
Complete success		
Partial success with loss of some components of the flap, but no secondary reconstruction or required	prosthesis not	
Partial failure requiring a second flap (free or pedicled) to rehabilitate defect		
Partial failure requiring prosthesis to address residual defect		
Complete flap failure requiring a second flap (free or pedicled) to rehabilitate it		
Complete flap failure requiring prosthesis to address it		
Complete flap failure requiring no further reconstructive or prosthetic rehabilitation		
Failure to establish reconstruction		
▼ If <u>partial failure</u> , indicate reason for flap failure		
Arterial failure Venous failure Uncertain/other causes - e.g. micr	ocirculatory	
If <u>failure to establish reconstruction</u> , indicate the reason for flap failure		
Flap harvest attempted but abandoned because of unfavourable anatomy - e.g. inadequacy c perforators	of vascularity or	
Flap harvested but abandoned because of failure to perfuse before release from donor site, on of the recipient vessels available	or inadequacy	
Flap harvested and transferred to recipient site but abandoned/discarded because of failure table after attempted anastomosis to recipient vessels	to perfuse	

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Date of Collected by:	Quality Outcomes in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Saving Faces Market Surgery Reserve Foundation Market Market Surgery Reserve Foundation
Annual follow-up	
Date of current status D D M M Y Y	
Current status	
Treatment completed and tumour free	
Treatment completed - residual disease monitored	
Residual disease - adjuvant treatment required	
New tumour identified If applicable, st	tart a new record
Recurrence of previously treated tumour	
Date of recurrence D D M M Y Y	